



### Model Number

**NDP5-30GM-5M**

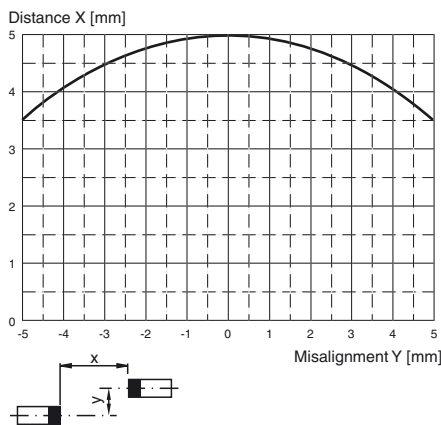
Inductive transmitter system

### Features

- Transfer range up to 5 mm
- Short version

### Curves

#### Transfer distance



## Technical data

### General specifications

Installation	not embeddable
Transfer distance	0 ... 5 mm

### Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	0 ... 50 °C (32 ... 122 °F)
Storage temperature	-25 ... 85 °C (-13 ... 185 °F)

### Mechanical specifications

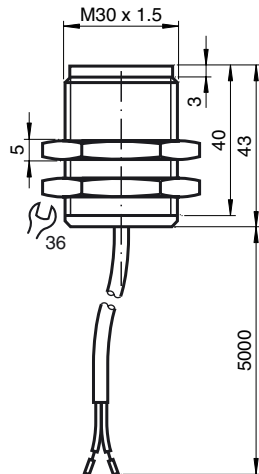
Connection type	cable PVC , 5 m
Core cross-section	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>
Housing material	brass, nickel-plated
Sensing face	PBT
Protection degree	IP67
Installation	screw mounting
Free zone A	≥ 3 mm
Spacing to metal walls B	≥ Ø 50 mm
Security zone W x H	≥ 60 mm x 15 mm

### Approvals and certificates

CCC approval

Products with a maximum operating voltage of ≤36 V do not bear a CCC marking because they do not require approval.

**Dimensions**



**Functional description**

A WIS (wireless inductive system) inductive transfer system always consists of the following four components:

- WIS primary module
- WIS primary transmitter
- WIS secondary transmitter
- WIS secondary module

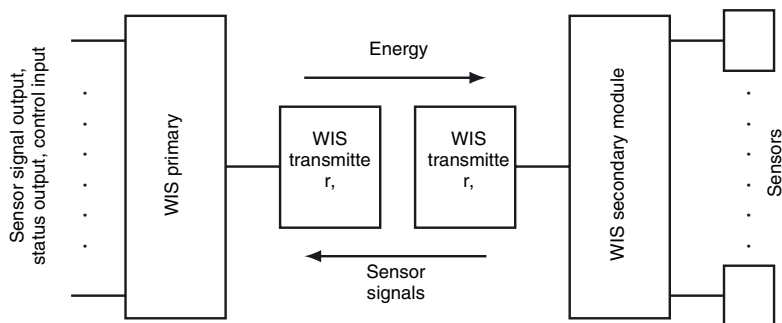
The WIS primary module is installed in the stationary component and is connected to a downstream control (i.e., PLC). The WIS primary transmitter connected to the WIS primary module. The WIS secondary transmitter and the WIS secondary module that is connected to it are installed in the moveable part of the component. The WIS secondary module disposes of connection capabilities for several sensors. If the two transmitters are located in front of each other within the system range, then electric power is transferred from the primary side to the secondary side. The sensors attached to the WIS secondary module are now supplied with electric energy and begin to operate. The sensor output signals are transmitted in the opposite direction from the secondary side to the primary side and are separately available on the WIS primary module output terminals for further processing by the equipment control. The sensor signal status is also displayed by LEDs that correspond to the sensor channels.

A separate output signal Tx on the WIS primary module indicates the communication status. A high signal indicates communication between the WIS transmitters. This is also indicated by a glowing LED Tx.

Power transfer and communication in the system can be activated and deactivated on the WIS primary module with the EN input .

Input signal on EN	Function
+ UB (24 V DC)	Transfer activated
GND or open.	Transfer deactivated

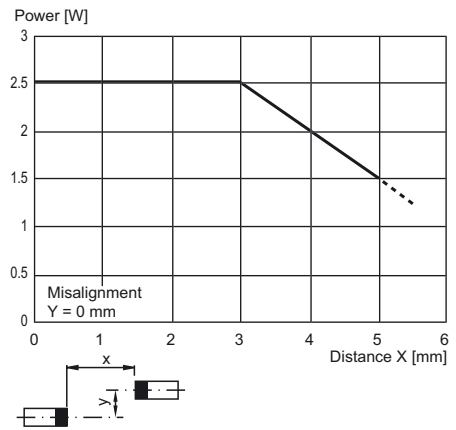
**Function schematic**



The sum of the currents of all sensors attached to the WIS secondary module must not be greater than the maximum transferable current. This is calculated by dividing the transferable power by the 12 V provided by the transmitters.

**Additional Information**

**Transferable power**



**Accessories**

**BF 30**  
Mounting flange, 30 mm

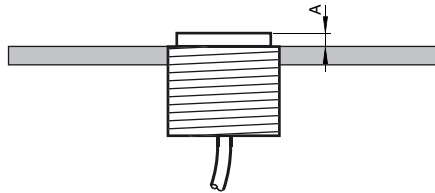
**SM 30**

### Installation requirements

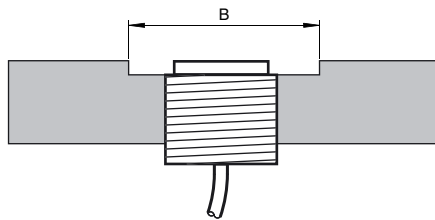
During operation, the WIS transmitter heats up due to the transfer of electrical energy for the sensor supply from the primary side of the transfer system to the secondary side, primarily by about 40 K above the ambient temperature. By installing the WIS transmitter in metal mounting components heat dissipation can be improved.

If a number of systems are to be installed the cable routing must be isolated.

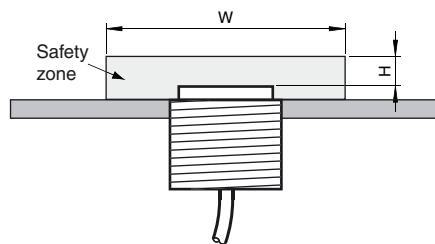
Care must be taken in terms of the minimum separation from metal parts when installing the WIS transmitter. Because of the inductive operating principle employed surrounding metal parts can heat up due to the induction of eddy currents.



Minimum 'free zone' requirements of the WIS transmitters when installed in metal



In order to avoid changes in the transfer characteristics, care must be taken to ensure that the specified separation from metal walls (which exceeds the minimum free zone) is always maintained on both WIS transmitters.



Metal objects must not be inserted or handled in the area of the safety zone during operation.

In the event that this cannot be avoided, the transfer must be deactivated with the enable input, EN, on the front of the primary module.

Please refer to the technical data for installation dimensions.